

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH
Will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by
A. G. HODGES & COMPANY,
At FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large mammoth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning at TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance. Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liberal as in any of the newspapers published in the west.

All letters upon business should be post-paid to insure attention.

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PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.
Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-1860.

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PRACTICES Law in all the Courts held in Frankfort, and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the Bridge.
Jan. 3, 1859-1860.

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[Oct. 28, 1853.]

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Will practice law in the United States, Circuit and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.
Address Thos. B. Monroe, Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office Short street, Lexington.
April 9, 1860-w&wtf.

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Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
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FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
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PRACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals, in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the collection of debts for non-residents in any part of the State.

Always at home, every communication will have his attention on the same day received, and will be promptly answered, and thus his clients kept always advised of their affairs. And determined to have all his briefs and arguments in the Court of Appeals printed, and copies furnished to his clients and counsel in the lower courts, all concerned will be fully informed how his duty has been performed.

He will, as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of Deeds, and other writings to be used or recorded in other States; and as Commissioner under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, &c.
Office, "old bank," opposite the Mansion House. Frankfort, Nov. 19, 1859-1860.

J. W. FINNELL, V. T. CHAMBERS,
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OFFICE—West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth Streets.
COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.
February 22, 1860-1861.

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PARAFFINE OILS,
For Burning and Lubricating.

FREE FROM OFFENSIVE ODOR.
At No. 97 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

WE warrant our Oils to be equal, if not superior, to any in the market.
We invite those in the city and vicinity to call and examine for themselves.
Persons ordering from a distance, satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. We invite a comparative trial with any manufacturing establishment in America.

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HAVE constantly on hand a complete assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Classical, School, and Miscellaneous Books, at low prices. Paper of every description, quality, and price.
Colleges, Schools, and Private Libraries supplied at a small advance on cost. Wholesale or Retail.
[July 13, 1860-ly.]

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Main Street, Frankfort, Ky.
JAMES R. WATSON, Proprietor.

HAVING taken this well known house for a term of years, and thoroughly refitted it in every department, I am now prepared to receive and accommodate, in superior style, all who may favor me with a call. The undivided and ceaseless attention of myself and assistants will be assiduously directed to the comfort and pleasure of those who may honor the house with their patronage. If neat and clean beds, genteel rooms, a sumptuous table, and polite and attentive servants, will receive patronage, I am determined to deserve it. The Bar will be supplied at all times with the choicest liquors, cigars, and tobacco.

JAMES R. WATSON.
Frankfort, May 9, 1860.

FOR RENT.
THE Two Store Rooms under the Metropolitan Hall.
ORLANDO BROWN.
Dec. 14, 1859-1860.

L. WEITZEL,
Wholesale and Retail Confectioner.

HAS just received and opened, at his Establishment on St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Kentucky, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all varieties of Fine Cakes, Preserved Fruits, Pies, Candies, Candy Toys—in short, everything that properly belongs to a first-class Confectionery Establishment. He pledges himself that every article manufactured by him shall be of the very best quality.

Families can be furnished, either for weddings or parties with every article suitable for such occasions, upon the shortest notice and upon the most reasonable terms.

He will also keep the very best of all kinds of Wine which he will sell by the bottle or by the dozen bottles.
He will also supply those who may wish to purchase at wholesale, every article manufactured by him, on as reasonable terms as the same article of like quality can be purchased at Louisville or Cincinnati.

He asks a fair trial, and he feels assured that he can and will render universal satisfaction.
Frankfort, Dec. 28, 1859.

DENTAL SURGERY,
BY E. G. HAMBLETON, M. D.

HIS operations on the Teeth will be directed by a scientific knowledge, both of Surgery and Medicine, this being the only safe guide to uniform success. From this he is enabled to operate with far less pain to the patient void of danger. All work warranted; the workmanship will show for itself. Calls will be thankfully received.
Office at his residence on Main street.
Frankfort, May 27, 1863.

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I CAN supply the citizens of Frankfort with Wood. By sending their orders to my Stable, near the Railroad Depot, they can get a load within one hour at any time. Price \$3 per Cord, or \$1.50 for a Half Cord load. Orders solicited.
Nov. 18, 1859-1860. JOHN HENDERSON.

TO FISHERMEN!
A NEW stock of Fishing Tackle, consisting of a Fine Green and Silk Lines, and an extra line lot of HOOKS. Also, PLAIN BRASS REELS. Call and see them at.
March 22, 1860. S. C. BULL'S.

H. SAMUEL,
CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT,
Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved, or your Head Shampooed, go to
H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
Feb. 8, 1860.

FALL STYLE FOR 1860!
KEENON & CRUTCHER, Leaders of Fashion for Frankfort and vicinity, will introduce on Saturday, September 1st, the

FALL STYLES OF DRESS HATS.
They are confident of presenting their friends and patrons the handsomest and most graceful styles offered for many seasons. [Aug. 29, 1860-59.]

NEW FIRM.
W. H. KEENE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, AND
All Kinds of Country Produce,
St. Clair and Wapping Sts., Frankfort.

All accounts due 1st of January, May, and September. Interest charged after maturity.

JANUARY 3, 1860.
GROCERIES, & C.
Old Government Java and Prime Rio Coffee; Golden Syrup, Sugar House and Plantation Molasses;

German Castile and Rosin Soap; Tallow, Star, and Sperm Candles; Mackerel, in assorted packages; Hams, plain and canvassed; Sides, clear and ribbed; Shoulders, Dried Beef, and Tongues; Prime Country Lard;

Nails (all sizes), Shovels and Spades, best brands; Green and Black Tea; Tinned's Pale Ale; Tobacco and Cigars, every variety of brand; Old Brandies, Whisky and Wine, in bottles or on draft;

Agricultural Implements of all Kinds.
Paints, Oils, Turpentine, and Tar; Blasting and Rifle Powder;

Sauces, Extracts, Pickles, and Table Oil.

PAINTS, OIL, AND VARNISH.
100 KEGS Linseed Oil & Co.'s White Lead; 25 boxes Chrome Green; 25 boxes Chrome Yellow; 100 kegs Zinc White; 100 lbs. Red Lead;

1 bbl. English Lamp Black; 5 cases American Vermilion; 15 gallons Japan Varnish; 15 gallons Denar Varnish; 15 gallons Copal Varnish; 1 bbl. Turpentine, with full assortment of Brushes of all kinds, at

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.'S

30 BASKETS Champagne;
1,000 bottles Madeira and Sherry; 1,000 bottles Brandy and Whisky, in store and for sale by

April 25, '59. W. H. KEENE & CO.

25 BBL'S. Utica Lime;
25 bbls. Cement, just received per the "Dove," and for sale by

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.

3 CASES Sardines;
5 cases Fresh Peaches; 5 cases Pine Apples; 5 cases Pickled Oysters; 5 cases Spiced Oysters, just received and for sale by

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.

100 EXTRA Canvas Hams;
100 Extra Small Shoulders; 100 Extra Country Lard; 100 pieces Extra Dried Beef; 2 dozen Large Beef Tongues, just received by steamboat "Dove," and for sale by

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.

5 QUARTER bbls. Elegant Mackerel;
25 kits assorted No. 1 Mackerel, in store with

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.

10,000 MORE of those Fine Cigars, just received at

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.'S

25 BBL'S. 3 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon, made by D. Swigert, and for sale by

April 25, 1859. W. H. KEENE & CO.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, VINES, SHRUBS, & C.
CULTIVATED AND FOR SALE BY

Ed. D. Hobbs and J. W. Walker, AT THE EVERGREEN NURSERIES.

Twelve miles East of Louisville, Ky., immediately on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad.

A NEATLY printed Catalogue of the Fruits, Ornamental Trees, Vines, Shrubs, &c., at the above named Nursery, may be had by application to A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Ky.

Orders may be addressed to HOBBS & WALKER, Williamson Postoffice, Jefferson county, Ky., or to A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Oct. 17, 1854.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS.
Being made at Cincinnati with the 6:35 P. M. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's Peak, and all Western Towns. And with the 6:00 P. M. Train, via the Indian,apolis and Cincinnati, and Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight; whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

CHILDREN TEETHING.

MRS. WINSLOW,
An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will ALLY ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, soothe the inflamed surface, and depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and Benefit and Health to your Infants.

We have just put up and sold this article for over ten years, and can say, in confidence and truth, of it, we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of the highest commendation of its magical effects and medicinal virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know" after ten years' experience and pledge our reputation for the fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the child suffers from teething, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL Surgeons in New England, and has been used with NEVER-FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.
It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will instantly relieve the child of the BOWELS and Wind Colic, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it the BEST AND SUREST REMEDY in the world in ALL cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand in the way of giving your child the relief that will be SURE, YES, ABSOLUTELY SURE, to follow this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the face similes of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Principal Office, No. 13, Cedar Street, New York. Price Only 25 Cents Per Bottle. June 6, 1860-w&wtf.

IN PRESS.
STANTON'S TREATISE FOR JUSTICES, SHERIFFS, EXECUTORS, GURDIANS, &c., &c.

IN KENTUCKY.
NOW READY.

A NEW EDITION OF THE REVISED STATUTES OF KY.
Approved and adopted by the General Assembly, 1851 and 1852, and in force from July 1, 1852, with all the amendments subsequently enacted, and notes of the Decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.

BY HON. RICHARD H. STANTON.
With supplement, embracing the Acts of a General Nature, passed by the Legislature of 1859-60. Two Volumes, royal 8vo. Price, \$10 00. Made authority in all Courts in Kentucky, by Act of General Assembly.

THE subscribers have in course of publication a work by the Hon. R. H. STANTON, of Mayville, Kentucky, designed to be a complete practical guide for officers in the State of Kentucky, to-wit: Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Coroners, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Assessors, Processors, &c.

The work will not only contain a lucid and clear statement of the laws regulating the duties of each officer, but full instructions as to the manner of proceeding, and all necessary practical forms. It will be complete and comprehensive upon all the duties of the officers above named, and will be found highly useful, not only to them but to the legal profession, and all others having business with such officers of Kentucky.

The work will contain about 600 pages printed on fine paper, with clear type, and superior law binding.

ROBERT CLARKE & CO., June 11, '60-6m. Law Publishers, Cin., O.

PHOENIX FOUNDRY,
TENET ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL, OPPOSITE THE ARTESIAN WELL.

WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent,
MANUFACTURER OF Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., &c., Cranks, Gudgeons, Rag Irons, Saw Slides, Carriage Segments, Cotton Gin Segments, and Pinions, Car Wheels, Gate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Stirrups, always on hand.

Hatchcock's Reaction Water Wheels for Grind or Saw Mills.
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gearing, &c.
Castings made at the shortest notice.

W. H. GRAINGER, Agent, January 17, 1860-1861. Louisville, Ky.

W. A. GAINES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, AND DEALER IN

Hardware, Canned Goods, and Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Cigars and Tobacco.

ALSO, AGENT FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

SUCH as Reapers and Mowers, Horse Powers, and Threshers, Ciders Mills, &c., &c.

I am also the exclusive Agent in this county for the CLIMAX GRAIN FAN, which is a new patent just out, and greatly superior in point of workmanship and in every other particular to any other fan in use.

July 9, 1860-w&wtf.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.

Leave Frankfort as follows:
Trains going West at 7:05 A. M., and 3:13 P. M. Trains going East at 8:35 A. M., and 5:55 P. M. The Morning Train West makes connection for Chicago, leaving Jeffersonville at 3:20 P. M.

The Afternoon Train makes connection via Jeffersonville, New Albany, and Ohio and Mississippi roads for the West and South.

The Nashville Train leaves Louisville at 5 A. M., and 6:20 P. M.—the latter train too late for our Afternoon Train.

SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent. May 11, 1860-1861. Yeoman copy.

J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes, Record, for Ledgers and Records, Copying, for Letter Press,

Carmine, of brilliant hue. CELEBRATED FOR

1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue.)
2d. Easy flow from the Pen.
3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure.)
4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATION:—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are fit only to be thrown away before half consumed.)

The Carmine may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities.
1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand.

2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equal in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by J. J. BUTLER, Agent, No. 29, Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

KEENON & CRUTCHER are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of carriage.

Dec. 14, 1859-1860.

Greenwood Female Seminary,
Frankfort, Kentucky,
MRS. MARY TRAYNE RYUNAN, PRINCIPAL.

THE Twenty-fourth Session of this School will commence on the First Monday in September, (September 3, 1860.)

EXPENSES PER SESSION:
Board, including Fuel and Lights, \$60 00
Tuition in Primary Class, 15 00
Tuition in Middle and Senior Classes, 20 00
French, Latin, Drawing and Painting in water colors, each, 10 00
Oriental, Grecian, and Antique Painting, each, 5 00
Music on Piano, 25 00
Use of Instrument for practice, 5 00
Washing, 5 00
Stationery, 25 00
Instructions in Plain and Ornamental Needle work without charge.
No deduction for voluntary absence.
For further information address the Principal. [Aug. 1, 1860-2m.]

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.
A Benevolent Institution established by special endorsement, for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Venereal and Syphilitic Diseases, and especially for the cure of disease of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.), and in cases of extreme poverty, medicine furnished free of charge.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhea, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors. E. B. HEARTWELL, Pres't. GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y. [June 28, 1860-1861.]

A. STRAUS,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer IN ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,
NO. 71 WEST FIFTH STREET, (BETWEEN WALNUT AND VINE STREETS.) CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of well made Furniture of all kinds at the lowest prices. All orders received through the Post Office will be promptly attended to.

Feb. 15, 1860-1861.

COACH FACTORY.
HEMING & QUINN constantly on hand a fine assortment of CARRIAGES, of any kind of Carriage made to order, and of the best material. We have purchased the sole right of

EVRETT'S PATENT COUPLING, for the Counties of Franklin, Anderson, Lincoln, and Garrard.

N. B. We would call the attention of purchasers to our Spring assortment of Carriages.

All work made by us warranted for one year. April 2, 1855-1860.

Samuel's New Establishment!
HENRY SAMUEL, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is again engaged in the comfortable and commodious rooms, and ready to attend to all who may give him a call. His new establishment is in the building of Col. Hodges, on St. Clair street. He solicits public patronage, and hopes that his old friends and customers especially, who patronized him before the late fire, will now find their way back to his shop. March 12, 1855-1860.

WANTED.
A GOOD COOK for the balance of the year. Apply at this office. [March 21, 1860.]

A. C. KEENON'S BOOK BINDERY.
A. C. KEENON informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all its branches, at his old stand, over Hon. J. Harlan's office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.

CLERKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any patron, and of the very best quality of paper.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms. Frankfort, July 2, 1860-1861.

FOR SALE.
TRACT of Land of about two hundred acres, on the Kentucky river, 3 miles from Frankfort, and 2 1/2 of a mile from the Owen turnpike. Finely timbered, well watered, and the soil excellent. Twenty-five acres cleared; the improvements indifferent, for particulars refer to PHILIP SWIGERT, Esq., or ALBERT BACON.

Feb. 27, 1860-1861. Lex. Obs. & Rep. copy.

DAUGHTERS' COLLEGE, HARRODSBURG, KY.

We have determined to reorganize our SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, and hereafter to concentrate our labors within the limits of a few select classes.

This we feel impelled to do for several reasons:
1. We cannot, without the sacrifice of our mammoth establishment, accommodate the annually increasing patronage of the school. This we feel unwilling

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

Published by A. G. HODGES & CO.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1860

For President,
JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

For Vice President,
EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS.

We publish, in another column, another letter to Jno. C. BRECKINRIDGE, which we find in the Cincinnati Enquirer. Read it by all means.

Mr. Breckinridge's Speech.

We have read with much attention the speech delivered by Mr. Breckinridge at Lexington, on the 5th inst. We cannot say that we are disappointed in this elaborate effort of the candidate of a sinking party, for we did not expect much. Situated as Mr. Breckinridge was; running as a unionist in one section of the country, as a disunionist in another; a strict non-interventionist in some States, and the advocate of a slave code in others—it was impossible for him to take any decided ground or make any pledges for the future that would not seriously injure his prospects in some of the States. As an effort to talk a long time and say nothing, it is eminently successful. As an earnest appeal to personal and political friends it will doubtless have its effect, but as an exponent of the great and vital issues of the day; as a vindication of his party from the great political crime with which it stands charged, it is a decided and a humiliating failure.

Mr. Breckinridge was charged by a large portion of the loyal citizens of this Republic with being the leader of a disunion party. He pleaded "not guilty," and with a great parade of indignation appointed a day in which to make his defense. The day arrived, the people assembled, and Mr. Breckinridge spoke, but he did not speak to the issue. He condescended to deny certain charges too frivolous for the consideration of a dignified politician, but he entirely ignored the only questions in which the people are interested.

We are told by his loving disciples that it is a great speech; that it will be a political bible for unborn patriots who are to "instruct the southern heart and fire the southern mind" of far-off generations; that it will annihilate all lesser politicians and devour all smaller speeches, even as the fat king of Pharaoh's vision were gobbled up by their ill-favored kindred. These inflated encomiums were expected as a part of the programme, and are quite appropriate in connection with the flourish of trumpets in the grand note of preparation which preceded the speech. But when applied to the speech itself they appear as ridiculous as a suit of the great Humphrey Marshall's clothes would upon the little Silas N. Hodges.

We regret that the great length of the speech precludes the possibility of laying it before our readers. We believe it would materially strengthen the Union cause, on the principle that when a man totally fails to make out a defense, it is tantamount to a plea of guilty. The reasons which induced Mr. Breckinridge to take this extraordinary step we give in his own words:

I appear before you to-day, for the purpose first of repelling certain accusations which have been made against me personally, and industriously disseminated over other States; and next to show that the principle upon which I stand, are the principles of the Constitution and the Union; (great applause,) and surely, if at any time a justification could be found by any man for addressing the people in the position I occupy, it will be found in my case. Anonymous writers and wandering orators have chosen to tell the people that I am a disunionist and a traitor to my country, and they declare that the atrocious form in which I have exhibited that treason, makes, by comparison with it, Burr a patriot, and the memory of Arnold respectable.

But fellow-citizens, before I come to those topics, I desire to make a brief but comprehensive statement in regard to my position in connection with the Presidency of the United States. I have been charged with a premature ambition; I have been charged with intriguing for this nomination; I have been charged with keeping before the wishes of the people, and desiring to thrust myself before them for the highest office in their gift. To this I answer that it is wholly untrue. I have written to no body for their support. I have conspired with nobody soliciting support. I have intrigued with no body; I have promised no body.

He then remarks upon the circumstances attending his nomination, disclaims ambition, justifies the breaking up of the Convention, and proceeds as follows:

But before I proceed further, I will group together and answer a number of personal accusations, some of which had their origin in the State of Kentucky, and others elsewhere, by which through me it is attempted to strike down the organization with which I am connected. It begets in me almost a feeling of humiliation to answer some of them, but as I have imposed upon myself the task, I will go through them all as briefly as I can. (Cheers.) (Voice—go on John.)

Well, "John" did "go on." He denied signing the petition for the pardon of old John Brown; denied that he ever joined the Know-Nothings; denied that he was in favor of the election of Genl. Taylor, and went into an elaborate explanation of his hunting excursion to the mountains where he "paired off" with eight Taylor men. He denied that he ever voted the Emancipation ticket, and then proceeded to prove that he was not a disunionist. And how did he do that? By quoting from his own speeches in Congress and elsewhere, reading the secession platform, and denying that he ever uttered a disunion sentiment. This is all true without doubt, but it is far from satisfactory. As Mr. Breckinridge has introduced Aaron Burr, his friends will pardon us for citing a precedent. Burr was tried for high treason in this city, and although he made a much better defense than Mr. Breckinridge's speech affords for him, we are not aware that Burr's counsel

relied, for his defense, upon the past speeches or declarations of the defendant. Had Burr been admitted to the witness stand, he could have produced a long and unimpeachable record of devotion to his country.

No one disputes that Mr. Breckinridge had been a devoted friend to the Union up to the time he accepted and hoped to "merit the confidence" of an avowed disunion convention. The charge against him is new, and plain and direct. It is charged that he is the candidate of a faction that intends to secede from the Union if Mr. Lincoln is elected. The people on ever hand are asking him this momentous question: "Mr. Breckinridge, in the event of the election of Lincoln, will the southern States be justified in seceding from the Union?" The breath of the people is suspended to hear the reply. It comes, not a reply, but a piteous complaint. Listen to it. "I did not sign a petition for the pardon of John Brown; I am not ambitious; I never was a Know Nothing; I never uttered a disunion sentiment," &c., &c. The people ask for bread, and Mr. Breckinridge gives them a stone. They demand his views on questions which affect their firesides, their lives and liberty, and Mr. Breckinridge goes into a complacent review of the speeches he made in 1854-6. He points to the past, and refuses to give a single pledge for the future.

Hence we repeat that the speech of Mr. Breckinridge, so far as it relates to the ostensible causes which called it forth, is a failure. As a great document from a great man, to quiet the fears of the country in the present crisis, it is a failure. It fails, in short, to meet any of the great questions which are now agitating the country.

HUMPHREY MARSHALL.—This great accession to the Breckinridge party spoke at the Court House, in this city, on Monday evening. The speech of Mr. Marshall was not, if we are correctly informed, quite satisfactory to the friends of Mr. Breckinridge. He said that the record of Mr. Bell was satisfactory, but that Mr. Everett was a terrible abolitionist. That is a matter of veracity between Mr. Marshall and Mr. Breckinridge. He denounced the Cincinnati platform in severe terms, seemingly forgetting that Mr. Breckinridge still holds an office to which he was nominated by the Convention which made the obnoxious platform.

As usual Mr. Marshall said that he had not changed, but that others had come to him. What a sublime spectacle for a painter. This huge colossus of parties standing firm as the rock of Gibraltar, while little inconsistent parties are running between his legs and all about him to win one smile of approval.

We admire Mr. Marshall's talents, but we do not covet his aid. The Marshall family, while they are remarkable for consistency, and unchanging political principles, are also remarkable for the deadly effects which invariably manifest themselves in the party which is so unfortunate as to catch the Marshalls. We have had them once, and don't want them any more. All young parties have the Marshalls, as all the young persons have the measles, and we only wish the Marshalls were more like the measles, and never duplicated their inflections.

Two gentlemen are reliably reported to us as having gone to hear Breckinridge's speech strong Breckinridge men; but when he was found wanting in the manly courage to answer the questions so boldly and nobly answered by Mr. Douglas, at Norfolk, they returned home repudiating him and his Yancey disunion clique. We can vouch for the truth of the report.—Winchester Chronicle.

We have reliable information that six Breckinridge Democrats who reside in a neighboring county, were effected in the same manner by a perusal of the speech of Mr. Breckinridge. We hope that it will be placed in the hands of every Breckinridge man in Kentucky.

WALKER TO BE SHOT.—It will be seen by a telegraphic dispatch in another column that this land pirate is about to meet his deserts. For the last four or five years our country has been periodically disturbed by the brigandish expeditions of Walker against some point in Central America, where the weakness of the inhabitants, and the prospects of plunder justified the attempt.

He deserves his fate, and his death will be a subject for congratulation for all who have the honor of the nation at heart, and particularly for such parents as are afflicted with restless and lazy sons.

MUSIC BATH CHARMS, &c.—We—the editor with the flowing locks in front—are under obligations to the Frankfort Brass Band for a delightful serenade with which they complimented us on Saturday night. The improvement in this Band is wonderful, but is to be attributed to the fine musical taste of the members generally and to the genius of their teacher, BEN. F. MEER. The Band now executes the most difficult airs with the correctness and ease of old practitioners. We wish them great success.

ROBERT HELLER WILL APPEAR AT THE METROPOLITAN HALL THIS EVENING.—We believe this announcement would be sufficient to draw a crowded audience, his fame having been widely spread by the papers of Cincinnati and Louisville, where, for many weeks, he has delighted and astonished the largest audiences ever drawn together at this season. We have, however, seen some of our citizens who have witnessed his marvellous dexterity, and therefore we confidently promise all who attend a rich treat. We understand, also, that he is the most accomplished pianist of the age, and that he will give a specimen of his musical talents.

The Louisville Journal announces that it will "pull" no more business houses

Has the Breckinridge Party Changed its Principles since 1859?

The most zealous and earnest, if not the ablest paper in the support of Mr. Breckinridge, is the Lexington Statesman. Being the home organ of Mr. Breckinridge, we suppose it is fair to infer that it has reflected its sentiments since its establishment as fairly and ably as it does now. In our assumption—that the party which now supports Mr. Breckinridge for the Presidency differs materially from what was the Democratic party up to the commencement of the present year—we have had frequent occasions to quote largely from the columns of the Statesman, the home organ of Mr. Breckinridge, and also from the Yeoman, the central organ of the Kentucky Democracy.

With a view of fortifying our position, we ask the careful attention of our readers to an article from the Lexington Statesman, which we clip from the Frankfort Yeoman of April, 1859, and which was published in the Statesman a few days previous to that date. It will be seen that the editor of the Statesman was at great pains to prove that the doctrine of "absolute non-intervention" by Congress with the "subject" of slavery in the Territories was the result, or the consideration, if you will, of a solemn compact entered into by the northern and southern Democracy. After collecting his proofs with great care, the editor of the Statesman says:

These extracts show what was the understanding of the Democratic party over the whole country in 1854 and 1856. It was that whatever power Congress possessed over the subject of slavery in the Territories, was transferred by the Kansas Nebraska bill to the people of the Territories themselves, thereby establishing ABSOLUTE non-intervention by Congress; and, in the next place, declaring that if any person felt aggrieved by the action of a Territorial Legislature on the subject of slavery, he could, when a case arose, have the Supreme Court of the United States decide on the constitutionality of the Territorial laws. GOOD FAITH REQUIRES THAT THAT UNDERSTANDING SHOULD BE MAINTAINED, whether Mr. Secretary Cobb, Vice President Breckinridge, Mr. Douglas, or any other shall be the nominee of the Democratic party in 1860. UNLESS IT IS THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY CEASES TO EXIST AS A NATIONAL PARTY."

Such was the position of the editor of the Statesman, and, according to him, the position of the Democratic party in April, 1859. Can language be stronger, or be more forcibly employed to portray what the editor of the Statesman now calls squatter sovereignty. There was no difference between Douglas and him then. Douglas had made his Freeport speech, and the editor of the Statesman even cited his readers to the Freeport speech to show what was Democracy in April, 1859. Then they were all for referring the question of slavery to the Supreme Court and not to Congress. The Breckinridge faction have now set up for themselves, and give as a reason, the very speech of Senator Douglas which, in 1859, they cited to show what was true Democracy, and to show the nature of the "compact."

The editor of the Statesman, it seems, understood how to destroy the Democratic party. His party has pursued the exact course which he said would destroy its nationality. The result has verified the truth of his prediction. The Democratic party has ceased to exist as a national party. The Breckinridge faction broke the compact by which they were solemnly bound in 1859.

This is their affair, and not ours. Our object is to show that the disunion party is inconsistent with its position up to the time Mr. Breckinridge accepted the nomination of the disunion convention. We have accomplished our aim, and when the editor of the Statesman, or the editor of the Yeoman, deny it, they deny the truth of what they wrote and published in 1859.

A SCENE IN MEMPHIS.—In Memphis, on Wednesday last, there was a discussion between the Hon. Bailie Peyton, Bell elector, Col. Wm. H. Polk, Douglas elector, and Col. Haynes, Breckinridge elector, all able men. Col. Haynes made the first speech, and could give his political friends no encouragement except by saying that he would bet upon Mr. Breckinridge's luck. Whilst Col. Polk, who followed, was speaking, some one handed him a slip of paper, requesting him to put to Col. Haynes the questions put to Mr. Douglas at Norfolk. The Memphis Enquirer says:

He asked Mr. Haynes if he thought the election of Lincoln would justify a breaking up of the Government? Mr. Haynes was silent. "Stand up," said Polk, "and tell these people your opinion on this question." No answer. The storm of shout and approval was here perfectly deafening, and the crowd evidently felt that the cause of the Yanceytes was beyond redemption.

The Hon. Bailie Peyton followed in a speech described by the Enquirer as one of tremendous power. Then Col. Haynes rose again, and the Enquirer says:

Mr. Haynes, in his reply, said that the questions handed Col. Polk, as to what he (H.) would do in the event of Lincoln's election, were written by an old Federalist. Our fellow townsman, W. B. Ferguson, here arose and said that he asked them; that he was not a Federalist; that he had fought and bled in two wars; once under Jackson, and that he would fight, bleed, and die rather than see a dissolution of this Union.

Our readers cannot conceive of the storm of applause which this episode raised. Mr. Haynes said he would tell them what he would do in the event of Lincoln's election. He would do the first overt act of aggression upon the rights of the South, and then he would summon him (Col. Ferguson) and go to Washington and hang Lincoln; and, if he (Col. F.) refused to go, he would hang him and all like him with grape vines.

This created immense excitement. Col. Ferguson was called to the stand, and the deepest passion was manifested at such a threat towards such a citizen. But Mr. Peyton begged Col. F. to remain where he was, and leave Mr. Haynes to him. It was done, and when Mr. Peyton came to reply, and to allude to this scene, honorable tears rolled down his cheeks. Then and there spoke the orator and the patriot; and the crowd was swayed by him as though it had been a reed shaken by the wind.

Those who witnessed it will never forget it.

Another Stupendous Swindle.

Secretary Floyd, of the War Department, has rendered his bureau a by-word and reproach to the nation. The robbery at Fort Snelling, and the swindle attempted at Willitt's Point, have been followed by the De Groot award, which is the coolest picking of Uncle Sam's pockets of all other transactions. The particulars of the little affair are that Capt. Meigs, Superintendent of the Washington Aqueduct, entered into a contract with Messrs. Degges & Smith for over 20,000,000 of brick, to be delivered at the rate of 60,000 per day, at \$8 75 per 1000—he reserving the right to cancel the contract if its stipulations were not fulfilled. The contractors failed, and their sureties transferred the contract to Mr. DeGroot, who undertook its performance on the original terms, associating with him two other parties, Stearns and Darling. He failed to do so, however—supplying only a portion of the bricks, and that at irregular intervals, and finally broke down in the attempt, as did also another party to whom he transferred the contract—and finally the whole scheme fell through by the failure of Congress to make an appropriation. In March, 1857, Congress directed the Secretary of the Treasury to examine the claims of all the parties to compensation; and, after a very careful scrutiny, Mr. Cobb awarded all the claimants the sum of \$29,534 in full for everything connected with the transaction—setting forth the grounds of the award, and disallowing their claims for the profits they would have made if they had fulfilled their contract. This did not satisfy Mr. DeGroot; so at the last session of Congress, just before its close, he procured the passage of a resolution referring his claim, separate from that of his associates, to the Secretary of War; and under this resolution Mr. Secretary Floyd has awarded Mr. DeGroot the enormous sum of \$119,000—more than four times as much as Secretary Cobb had awarded to all the claimants. DeGroot himself included!!

THE LOUISVILLE FAIR.—We attended the fair of the South Western Agricultural and Mechanical Association at Louisville, and were disappointed in our anticipations. We were not present on the first day, but understand from gentlemen who were that the attendance was very small—not numbering over two or three hundred people. On the second and third days the attendance was barely respectable in numbers; the second day the Amphitheatre was not exceeding one-third full, and the third about half full. On the fourth day the Amphitheatre was well filled, but on the whole we think the fair was a failure as to the number of people who attended. No cattle were shown, owing to a disease prevailing in the neighborhood. A number of horses in all the different classes were entered, and there was a spirited competition for the different premiums. In the harness, draught and general utility classes a good many of the horses were fine, the number of entries fair. There were not as many competitors as we have generally seen at other fairs, and while some of the horses were as fine, there were not as many superior animals as we have seen at other fairs.

The thorough-bred horses exhibited were among the finest and best bred horses in the State. The number was not large, but about as large as we have generally seen of this class of horses at any fair, except, perhaps, at Lexington. We think blooded horses are more numerous in that neighborhood, and more are shown than at any other point in the State. In this particular department of the horse show, we think that the quality in most of the rings was superior. In the aged stallion ring Knight of St. George and Rev. enue, two horses of renown, besides others less known to fame, though good ones, appeared. And in the younger rings some very fine horses were shown, and some of them, we think, will become known to fame as they grow older.

The floral hall presented many attractions which we have not time or space to mention in detail, consisting in part of specimens of needle work, quilts, comforts, domestic manufactures, fruits, flowers, vegetables, farm crops, &c., which were all of fine quality.

We were kindly and politely treated by the officers of the Society, and they will accept our thanks for the courtesies extended to us.

DIVINE SERVICE.—There will be preaching at the Baptist Church, in this city, on next Saturday and Sunday, by Rev. J. M. Frost, of Georgetown, and Rev. W. M. Pratt, of Lexington, Ky. Rev. STUART ROBINSON, D. D., of Louisville, will preach in the Presbyterian Church, in this city, next Sabbath.

We would advise all of our readers, who may visit Louisville in search of Clothing or Furnishing Goods, to call at the establishment of J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO., No. 227, Main street, South side, where we are satisfied they will obtain the articles they want, and at liberal prices. We are well acquainted with Mr. Mandeville, and know what he says about his goods may be strictly relied on. Read their advertisement in another column.

NEW FIRM.—It will be seen by their advertisement that Messrs. ROBB and DEHONEY have bought out Mr. Crockett, and are now sole proprietors of the dry goods store just around the corner. These young gentlemen are possessed of fine business capacities, and are men of excellent taste. We have no doubt that they will furnish our citizens a well selected assortment of articles in their line, and at reasonable rates.

MARRIED.—On the 12th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. GEORGE W. FOSTON, formerly of Georgetown, to Miss MARY MOTHERHEAD, of Anderson county, Ky.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHOOL NOTICE.
Rev. J. R. HENDRICKS will commence the 13th session of his School for Young Ladies, on Monday, September 10th. Those desiring further information may obtain it by calling upon the Principal, at the residence of P. Swigert. As the number of pupils is limited to twenty-five, application should be made immediately. Terms \$25 00 per session of twenty weeks. September 7, 1860-tf.

NOTICE.
All those who are indebted to me by note or account will call and settle the same, or they will be handed to the officers for collection. Sep. 3, '60-wktw3v. W. P. LOOMIS.

A CARD.
The subscriber, a practical Chemist and manufacturer of Chemical Preparations, French Cosmetics, Fine Perfumes, &c., for the past seventeen years, now offers (free of charge) to all who desire it, the recipe and directions for making a simple Vegetable Balm, that will, in from two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blisters, Tan, Freckles, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intend it should be—soft, clear, smooth and beautiful. This is no humbug or catchpenny affair, and those who think it such, will please not notice the advertisement. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,) JAS. T. MARSHALL, Practical Chemist, No. 32 City Buildings, June 11, 1860-3m. New York.

THE 1ST AND 2D VOLUMES OF THE KENTUCKY FARMER, Sewed and bound with Muslin Backs and Stiff Paper Covers, can be had at this office at \$1 per volume. A. G. HODGES & CO. Aug. 10, 1860.

H. WHITTINGHAM, NEWSPAPER & PERIODICAL AGENT, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, Continues to furnish American and Foreign Weeklies, Monthlys, and Quarterlies, on the best terms. Advance Sheets received from twenty-four Publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete sets. Nov. 24, 1858.

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING! J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO. ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO. No. 227 Main, above Third Street, N. B.—Large size Garments of all styles. September 19, 1860-wktwly.

A Change. JAMES M. CROCKETT, of the firm of Geo. W. Robb & Co., has sold his interest in the concern to GEO. W. ROBB and W. S. DEHONEY. The business of the house will hereafter be transacted under the firm of Sept. 19-wktwlm. ROBB & DEHONEY.

1860. FALL GOODS. 1860. GEO. W. ROBB & W. S. DEHONEY. ROBB & DEHONEY, MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

OFFER for sale the largest and best assorted stock of Goods in their line to be found in the city, comprising in part Prints, Gingham, Alpaca, Poplins, Fancy Dress Silks, Black Silks, Rep Silks, All Wool Delaines, Printed Delaines, Debaiges, Merinos, Brown Sheetting, Bleached Shirting, Dispers, Checks, Tickings; A Very Heavy Stock of Staples, Cloth, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Flannels, Linseys, Blankets, White Goods, Embroideries, Trimmings, Linens, &c., Shawls—new designs, Fall and Winter styles.

Also, a large lot of Negroes' Heavy Boots, which we offer for sale at reduced prices. Cash and prompt time buyers will find it to their interest to inspect this stock. Sep. 19-wktw2m. ROBB & DEHONEY.

FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY! ROBERT HELLER, THE GREAT WIZARD, AT Metropolitan Hall, to-night, at 8 o'clock. Sep. 19, 1860.

Bracelet Lost. ON yesterday evening, somewhere on Main or Washington or St. Clair streets, a Hair Bracelet with a gold clasp. The bracelet is valuable as a keepsake. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. Sept. 19, 1860-2t.

FRESH OYSTERS. WE will keep during the season Maltby's Celebrated Pearl Oysters, by the can and half can. GRAY & TODD. September 18, 1860-6m.

\$30 Reward. ON Sunday night, May 13, from my farm, two miles from Frankfort, on the Versailles Turnpike, a SORELL HORSE, about fifteen hands and a half high; about four years old; three white feet, and a small swelling on one of his hocks. The above reward will be given to any one returning him to me, or for information which will enable me to get him. SILAS M. NOEL. Frankfort, Sep. 12, 1860-tf.

Distribution of Public Books.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 8, 1860. SEALED proposals will be received at this office until the 6th day of Oct., prox., at 3 o'clock, P. M., for carrying and distributing the Public Books and Documents to the several counties in the State. The Books and Documents to be distributed are, the 2d volume of Metcalf's Reports; 1st and 2d volumes of Stanton's Revised Statutes; the Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction; the Report of the Auditor of Public Accounts; Registration Reports; Geological Reports; Acts and Journals, and five volumes of Documents accompanying each set of Journals; Commissioner's Blanks; Registration Blanks; Blanks for Common Schools; and any other documents necessary, by law, to be distributed. The State is divided into Eight Districts, as follows:

DISTRICT NO. 1.	DISTRICT NO. 2.	DISTRICT NO. 3.	DISTRICT NO. 4.	DISTRICT NO. 5.	DISTRICT NO. 6.	DISTRICT NO. 7.	DISTRICT NO. 8.
Fulton, Graves, Callaway, Trigg, Union.	Hickman, Marshall, Lyon, Crittenden, Webster, Ballard.	Edmonson, Grayson, Hancock, Meade, Jefferson, Ballitt.	Washington, Taylor, Marion, Green, Adair, Spencer, Cumberland, Clinton, Anderson, Boyle, Mercer, Metcalf, Lincoln.	Pulaski, Casey, Garrard, Rockcastle, Knox, Harlan, Clay, Perry, Letcher, Wayne, Whitley, Russell.	Shelby, Oldham, Trimble, Henry, Carroll, Madison, Gallatin, Franklin, Boone, Grant, Harrison, Campbell.	Scott, Woodford, Fayette, Jessamine, Madison, Estill, Owensley, Breathitt, Floyd, Pike, Powell, Montgomery, Clarke, Jackson, Wolfe.	Bourbon, Bracken, Fleming, Nicholas, Bath, Carter, Greenup, Morgan, Johnson, Lewis, Letcher, Boyd, Rowan, Mason.

The proposals must specify the number of each district bid for and the price of each separately, or for all the districts in the aggregate; and the contracts will be given to the lowest bidders, on their executing bond with securities, as required by law, within ten days after the opening of the proposals, to perform the service in twenty days. The proposals must not in the aggregate exceed fifteen hundred dollars. The proposals must be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for distributing Public Books," and addressed to the undersigned as Secretary of State at Frankfort. THOS. B. MONROE, Jr., Sept. 12-wktwd. Secretary of State.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$300 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, Executive Department. WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that ALEXANDER WARREN, under indictment in the Mercer Circuit Court, for the murder of Benj. C. Blincoe, has escaped from the Mercer county jail, and is now going at large. Now, therefore, I, BERTH M. MAGOFFIN, Governor of the aforesaid Commonwealth, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of said Warren, and his delivery to the jailer of Mercer county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 14th day of Sept. A. D. 1860, and in the 60th year of the Commonwealth. By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN. THOS. B. MONROE, Jr., Secretary of State. By J. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. Warren is a man about 55 years of age; gray hair and eyes; about 5 feet 11 inches high; of delicate appearance; and has a scar upon his neck at the windpipe, the result of attempted suicide. He formerly lived in the county of Madison. Sept. 17, 1860-3m.

DRY GOODS AND CARPET STORE!

JOHN SHILLITO & CO., (NO. 101, 103 AND 105 WEST FOURTH ST.,) CINCINNATI, OHIO.

IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS AND CARPETS. We are now opening an extensive and complete assortment of Foreign and American Dry Goods, Carpeting, Floor Oil-cloth, etc. Families, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat Owners, and purchasers generally, may depend upon finding the best class of Goods, at prices as low as they can be purchased in the Eastern cities. September 5, 1860-wktw2m.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand Yohgeheny, Kentucky River, Pomroy and Canal Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load. He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms. His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden. JOHN A. BATES. September 3, 1860-tf.

Committed to the Jail of Franklin County,

AS a runaway, on the 4th inst., a negro boy, calling himself BEN, and says he belongs to Davis Harrison, of Shelby county, State of Kentucky. Said boy Ben is about 5 feet high; very black; long spoken; pleasant countenance; smiles when speaking; had on when apprehended an old black luster coat and black cap—good deal worn. The owner of the aforesaid boy is notified to come forward, prove property, and pay all charges, or he will be dealt with according to law. H. R. MILLER, J. F. C. Frankfort, Sept. 14, 1860.

Lost or Stolen—\$50 Reward.

ON the 5th inst., either at the Frankfort depot or on the morning special train to Lexington, the subscriber lost a Brown Silk Purse, pretty well worn, containing one \$100 bank note, Louisiana money; one \$50 note, Kentucky money; three or four \$10 bills; three or four \$5 bills; two or three \$1 bills; and about \$1 50 or \$2 silver change. The purse was first missed in paying back hire at Lexington. The subscriber will pay a reward of \$50 for the recovery of the purse and contents. JOHN A. HOLTON, Forth Elkhorn P. O., Sept. 7, 1860-wktw3t.

Houses in Frankfort for Sale.

I WILL sell, on easy terms, the Blake house, on Main street; Powell house, opposite the Prison; Gorham house, back of the Capitol, and a Frame House on the railroad near the bridge. Aug. 29, 1860-2m. J. SWIGERT.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blustering puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near a million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomachic derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive their share of the praise of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhoea, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburg, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by all Druggists in FRANKFORT, December 9, 1899-ly.

JOHN C. HENDRICKS,

DEALER IN

Fine Groceries and Confectioneries,

PURE OLD WHISKY,

BRANDIES, WINES, GIN, &c., &c.,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Preserves, Fruits, Pickles, Toys, and

Cordons, &c., &c., &c.,

CORNER ST. CLAIR AND BROADWAY STS.,

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

January 30, 1890. d&wtf.

NOW READY

THE SECOND VOLUME

OF

Reports of Selected Civil and Criminal

Cases,

Decided in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky,

at the Summer and Winter Terms of 1899,

by James P. Metcalf, Reporter.

THE above work will be sent, postage paid, upon the receipt of FIVE DOLLARS, the price of the book.

S. C. BULL, BOOKSELLER,

Sole Agent for Reporter.

P. S.—The above work will be furnished to the

Trade upon LIBERAL terms, either by mail or in

sheets. S. C. BULL,

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 6, '90. [Yeoman copy.]

Mrs. M. Murdy's Select School for

Young Ladies

WILL re-open on Wednesday, Sept. 5. A few

day pupils will be received.

TERMS—HALF IN ADVANCE.

English Branches per Academic year.....\$45 00

French.....25 00

Piano.....60 00

August 1-w&wtf.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that we will rigidly

enforce the law against all persons who tres-

pass on our lands by passing through the same,

leaving down our fences, pillaging our crops and

fruit, cutting trees or hunting and fishing on our

THIRD VOLUME OF THE KENTUCKY FARMER.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM!!

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE!!!

THE SECOND VOLUME of the "KENTUCKY FARMER" was closed with the month of June, and the Third Volume commenced in July last. We promised two years ago to try and give to the Agriculturalists and Stock Raisers of Kentucky a paper worthy of their patronage. We put the question now to every one of its patrons: Have we redeemed that pledge? Have we given you a fair equivalent for THE DOLLAR, which was paid for the KENTUCKY FARMER? If so, let every one of our present subscribers renew their own subscriptions, and send us ONE or MORE additional numbers for the THIRD VOLUME.

The receipts for the First Volume about paid the expenses of its publication. We promised our patrons that we would publish ONE VOLUME whether we obtained a sufficient amount to pay its expenses or not. We redeemed that pledge. The subscription list increased for the Second Volume, but is nothing like so large as it should be. Shall we have the kind and continued support of its present patrons, together with their aid in extending its circulation? If so, we promise to do everything in our power to make the paper worthy of a generous Kentucky public.

The "KENTUCKY FARMER" will still be published monthly, in its present form of sixteen large quarto pages, for ONE DOLLAR per annum, payable in advance. As the small amount charged for the paper will not justify the trouble and expense of collecting subscriptions, no paper will be forwarded unless paid for in advance. Subscriptions can be forwarded to us by mail at our risk. Letters addressed to us need not be registered. Address: A. G. HODGES & CO., Frankfort, Ky.

Aug. 1890.

The Constitution, the Union and the Enforcement of the Laws.

PROSPETUS

THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION;

A Weekly Campaign Paper, devoted to the principles of the Constitutional Union Party, as advocated by its candidates.

John Bell and Edward Everett.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL UNION will be issued on Saturday, August the 11th, 1890. It will be a faithful exponent of the principles and interests of the Constitutional Union Party, and will labor with energy and zeal for the election of its candidates, John Bell and Edward Everett, to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States. It will be printed on good paper, with new material, and furnished to subscribers at FIFTY CENTS, in advance, for the campaign.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO EDITORS.—Editors will confer for a favor upon us by sending their papers in exchange as soon as they receive this prospectus. PREMIUM.—As an inducement to our Union friends we will present to the Bell and Everett Club that shall send us the largest list of subscribers during the campaign, a *Splendid Silk Case Binder*, in time to be sent to the polls on the 5th of November next. Send in your names for The Constitutional Union.

All orders should be addressed to

WATKIN & BUTLER, PUBLISHERS,

Aug. 20, 1890. Cincinnati, Ohio.

FRANKLIN

Type and Stereotype Foundry,

168 Vine Street, between 4th & 5th,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

NEWS, BOOK AND JOB TYPE.

Printing Presses, Cases, Gallies, &c.,

Books and Printing Material of every Description.

STEREOTYPING

Of all kinds: Books, Music, Patent Medicine Di-

rections, Jobs, Wood Cuts, &c., &c.

Brand and Pattern Letters of Various Styles.

ELECTROTYPING

In all its Branches. R. ALLISON

December 30, 1890-ly. Superintendent.

THE KENTUCKY

MILITARY INSTITUTE.

THE INSTITUTE is directed by a Board of

visitors appointed by the State, and is under

the supervision of Col. E. W. MORGAN, a distinguished

graduate of West Point, and a practical

Examiner, aided by an able Faculty.

The course of study has all that is taught in Colleges, and more in Mathe-

matics, Mechanics, Machines, Construction, Agri-

culture and Mining; also in English Literature, Historical

Readings, and Modern Languages. Schools of Architecture, Engineering, Com-

merce, Medicine, and Law, admit of selecting studies to suit time, means, and object of professional

preparation. The twenty-seventh session will open Sept. 10,

1890. Charges \$105 per half year, payable in advance.

Address the Superintendent, at "Military In-

stitute Franklin Springs, Ky.," or the under-

signed. June 27, 1890—by. Pres't of the Board.

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM

RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.

THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.

THROUGH TO CINCINNATI IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any

part of

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA,

MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or

Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above

States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates.

Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville.

For through tickets and rates of freight apply

at "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 555, Main

street, Louisville, Ky. E. O. NORTON, Agent,

Aug. 31, 1897-ly.

YOUNG GENTLEMEN

IN WANT OF SOMETHING EXTRA IN THE

way of

Handsome Cloth Cap or Dress Hat,

will do well to call and see those of

SAM. C. BULL'S,

Hat and Book Store, St. Clair Street,

Sept. 23, 1890-ly. Yeoman Copy.

ROCKAWAY FOR SALE

A TWO SEAT Rockaway, almost new which

will be sold cheap for Cash or good paper.

Apply to E. HENSLY,

June 15, 1899.

COLORING.

GENTLEMEN can have their Whiskers, Goatee,

Moustache or Imperial colored in the highest

style of the art, by calling at

Jan. 8, 1890. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and

everybody can save a vast amount of labor by

having nicely

PRINTED BILL HEADS.

THE

COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

JOB ROOMS

Turn out that class of Printing in the highest style

of the art, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

August 8, 1890.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES.

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,

(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I

have received since the above establishment

was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my

part shall be wanting to supply the increasing de-

mand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream,

&c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable

terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving

Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and

cheapest machines now in use. Price \$38; Hem-

mer \$5 extra.

ICE! ICE! ICE!—The greatest accommo-

dation yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any

time from 6 o'clock, a. m., until 9 o'clock, p. m.

March 21, 1890. M. L. PIERSON.

HARDIN'S GALLERY OF ART.

Corner St. Clair and Main Streets,

(Entrance on St. Clair, opposite the Mansion House),

Frankfort, Kentucky.

HAVING opened a Gallery, the undersigned

respectfully informs the citizens of Frankfort

and vicinity, that he is prepared to take pictures

in the best style. Having a superior Camera, he

thinks he can please those who may favor him

with their patronage.

AMBRYPES, MELANOTYPES, PHOTO-

GRAPHS, &c.,

of sizes and in cases to suit the tastes of all,

taken in the highest style of the art, and on mod-

erate terms.

He invites those who wish to get their

likenesses taken, to call and see specimens of his

work. Satisfaction will be given or no charge

made. W. H. H. HARDIN.

April 13, 1890-w&wtf. Yeoman copy.

SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerotypes, Ambrotypes, Photo-

graphs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,

MAKES pleasure in informing the public that

he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the

Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph

Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on

those wishing perfect likenesses of themselves or

friends. He is confident he will be able to please

the most fastidious in any kind of picture they

may desire, from a life-size portrait to the small-

est Daguerotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguer-

types of deceased persons enlarged to the size

of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction

given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Pho-

tography, the Daguerotype, which is truly the

most durable small picture yet produced.

The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery,) is

acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style

of Photographic pictures ever presented to the

public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy

of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it

is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1890-w&wtf.

New Spring and Summer Goods!

T. S. & J. R. PAGE,

INVITE the attention of their friends and cus-

tomers to their large and handsome stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

which they are now opening. Their stock em-

braces every article usually to be found in such an

establishment. Among which may be found

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

in great variety, to suit the fancy and pockets of

all who wish to buy.

Domestic and Staple Goods,

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings,

and all other articles for Gentlemen's wear.

The introductory, as usual, will be delivered on

the first Monday in November.

THOMAS R. JENNINGS, M. D., Professor of Anatomy

and Physiology.

J. BERNIER LINDSEY, M. D., Professor of Chemistry

and Pharmacy.

C. K. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Materia

Medica and Medical Jurisprudence.

A. H. BUCHANAN, M. D., Professor of Surgical

Anatomy and Physiology.

J. M. WATSON, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics

and Diseases of Women and Children.

PAUL F. EYE, M. D., Professor of Principles and

Practice of Surgery.

W. K. BOWLING, M. D., Professor of Institutes

and Practice of Medicine.

WILLIAM T. BROWN, M. D., Adjunct Professor

and Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The Anatomical Rooms will be opened for stu-

dents on the first Monday in October, (the 1st.)

The Tennessee State Hospital under the direc-

tion of the Faculty is open to the Class free of

charge.

A Clinic has been established in connection

with the University, at which operations are per-

formed and cases prescribed for and lectured upon

in the presence of the class.

Amount of Fees for Lectures is \$105; Matricula-

tion fee (paid once only), \$5; Practical Anatomy,

\$10; Graduation Fee, \$25.

Good boarding can be procured for \$3 to \$4 per